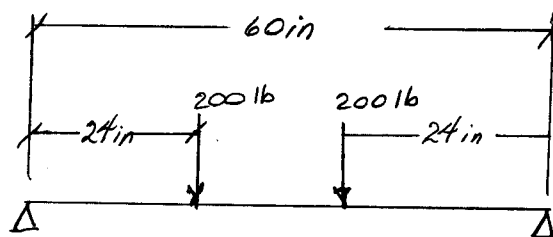
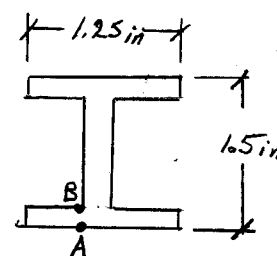


Given:



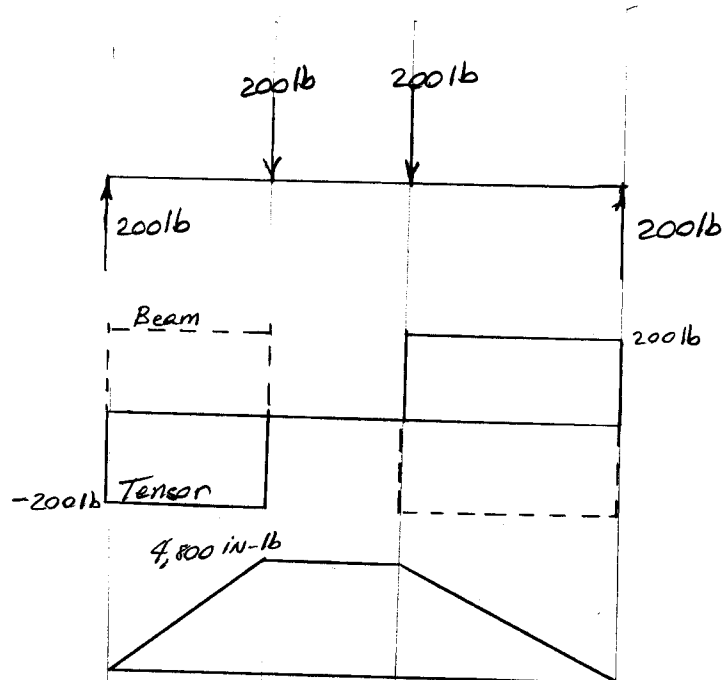
$$S_y = 50 \text{ ksi}$$



Web and flange
thickness = 0.125 in

- Find: (a) Bending and transverse shear stress at A & B.
 (b) Maximum normal and maximum shear stress.
 (c) Factor of safety based on maximum normal and maximum shear stress.

Solution: Find maximum shear force and bending moment.



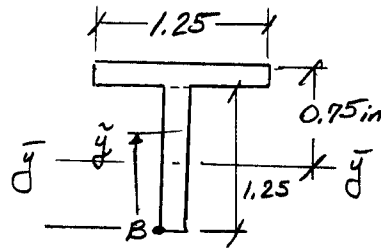
Note that tensor
sign convention is
used.

$$V_{\max} = \pm 200 \text{ lb}$$

$$M_{\max} = 4,800 \text{ in-lb}$$

Compute cross section properties

Find Q_B



$$A = (1.25 \text{ in})(0.125 \text{ in}) + (1.25 \text{ in})(0.125 \text{ in}) = 0.3125 \text{ in}^2$$

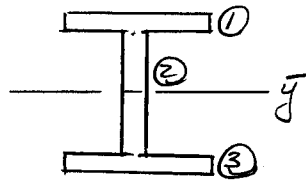
$$\bar{y} = \frac{(1.25 \text{ in})(0.125 \text{ in})(1.25 + \frac{0.125}{2}) + (1.25)(0.125)(\frac{1.25}{2})}{0.3125}$$

$$= \frac{0.502}{0.3125} = 0.969 \text{ in}$$

$$\tilde{y} - \bar{y} = 0.969 \text{ in} - 0.625 = 0.344 \text{ in}$$

$$Q_B = A(\tilde{y} - \bar{y}) = \underline{\underline{0.1075 \text{ in}^3}}$$

Find I



$$I = \sum \bar{I} + (\tilde{y} - \bar{y})^2 A$$

$$= 2 \left(\frac{1}{12} (1.25 \text{ in})(0.125 \text{ in})^3 + (1.25 \text{ in})(0.125) \left(0.75 - \frac{0.125}{2} \right)^2 \right) + \frac{1}{12} (0.125 \text{ in})(1.25 \text{ in})^3$$

$$= \underline{\underline{0.168 \text{ in}^4}}$$

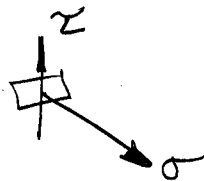
Part A

$$\text{Bending stress at A} \quad \sigma_A = \frac{M C_A}{I} = \frac{(4,800 \text{ in-lb})(0.75 \text{ in})}{0.168 \text{ in}^4} \\ = \underline{\underline{21.4 \text{ ksi}}}$$

$$\text{Bending stress at B} \quad \sigma_B = \frac{M C_B}{I} = \frac{(4,800 \text{ in-lb})(0.625 \text{ in})}{0.168 \text{ in}^4} \\ = \underline{\underline{17.9 \text{ ksi}}}$$

$$\text{Transverse shear stress at A} \quad \tau = \frac{V Q_A}{I t} = 0 \quad \text{since } Q_A = 0$$

$$\text{Transverse shear stress at B} \quad \tau = \frac{V Q_B}{I t} = \frac{(200 \text{ lb})(0.1075 \text{ in}^3)}{(0.168 \text{ in}^4)(0.125 \text{ in})} \\ = \underline{\underline{1.02 \text{ ksi}}}$$

PART B

At point A the principal stresses are

$$\sigma_1 = \sigma = 21.4 \text{ ksi}, \quad \sigma_2 = \sigma_3 = 0 \quad \sigma_{\max} = \underline{\underline{21.4 \text{ ksi}}}$$

At point B,

$$\sigma_1 = \frac{\sigma_x + \sigma_y}{2} + \sqrt{\left(\frac{\sigma_x - \sigma_y}{2}\right)^2 + \tau_{xy}^2} = 17.95 \approx 18.0 \text{ ksi}$$

$$\sigma_2 = \frac{\sigma_x + \sigma_y}{2} - \sqrt{\left(\frac{\sigma_x - \sigma_y}{2}\right)^2 + \tau_{xy}^2} = -0.06 \text{ ksi} \quad \sigma_{\max} = \underline{\underline{18.0 \text{ ksi}}}$$

$$\sigma_3 = 0$$

Maximum shear stress at A $\tau_{max} = \frac{\sigma_1 - \sigma_3}{2} = \frac{21.4}{2} = \underline{\underline{10.7 \text{ ksi}}}$

at B $\tau_{max} = \frac{\sigma_1 - \sigma_3}{2} = \frac{18 - (-0.06)}{2}$
 $= 9.03 \text{ ksi}$

PART C

Maximum normal stress theory (Point A)

$$\frac{\tau_{max}}{S_y} = \frac{1}{N} \Rightarrow N = \frac{S_y}{\tau_{max}} = \frac{50 \text{ ksi}}{21.4 \text{ ksi}} = \underline{\underline{2.34}}$$

Maximum shear stress theory (Point A)

$$\frac{\sigma_1 - \sigma_3}{S_y} = \frac{1}{N} \Rightarrow N = \frac{S_y}{\sigma_1 - \sigma_3} = \frac{50 \text{ ksi}}{21.4 \text{ ksi}} = \underline{\underline{2.34}}$$

Maximum normal stress theory (Point B)

$$\frac{\tau_{max}}{S_y} = \frac{1}{N} \Rightarrow N = \frac{S_y}{\sigma_{max}} = \frac{50 \text{ ksi}}{18.0 \text{ ksi}} = \underline{\underline{2.78}}$$

Maximum shear stress theory (Point B)

$$N = \frac{S_y}{\sigma_1 - \sigma_2} = \frac{50 \text{ ksi}}{18.06} = \underline{\underline{2.77}}$$