

This fun test covers chapters 3 and sections 4.1-2 of Algebra and Trigonometry (2<sup>nd</sup> UTM edition) by Sullivan and Sullivan. Clearly indicate your answers—no credit will be given for answers that I cannot find or cannot read. Unless otherwise indicated, all parts of problems are four points each.

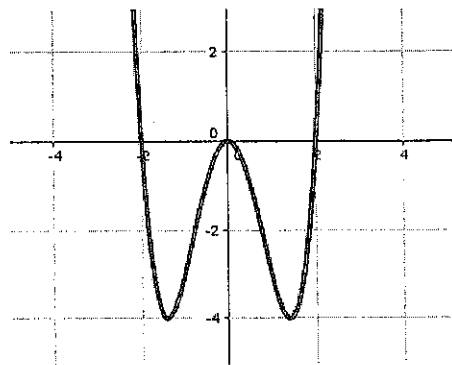
1. Determine if each of the following represent a function.

a. Does the equation  $y^2 = 1 - 2x$  define  $y$  as a function of  $x$ ? Why or why not?

No, two  $y$  values for each  $x$  ( $y = \pm \sqrt{1-2x}$ )

b. Is the graph on the right the graph of a function? Why or why not?

Yes, vertical line test



2. Determine the domain of the following functions

a.  $f(x) = \sqrt{5x+4}$

Need  $5x+4 \geq 0$   
so  $5x \geq -4$

domain  $x \geq -\frac{4}{5}$

b.  $g(x) = \frac{x}{x^2-16}$

Need  $x^2-16 \neq 0$   
 $x^2 \neq 16$

domain  $x \neq \pm 4$

3. Let  $f(x) = 2x+1$ , and  $g(x) = -x^2$ , find  $\left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(1)$ .

$f(1) = 2(1)+1 = 3$

$g(1) = -1^2 = -1$

so

$\frac{f(1)}{g(1)} = -3$

4. Determine if the function  $g(x) = 3x^4 - 7x^6$  is even, odd or neither.

Even

5. Find the equation of the function that is graphed after  $y = x^2$  is shifted left 3 units and then reflected about the x-axis.

$$y = -(x+3)^2$$

6. If (9,3) is a point on the graph of  $y = f(x)$ , what point must be on the graph of  $y = f(3x)$ ?

$$(3,3)$$

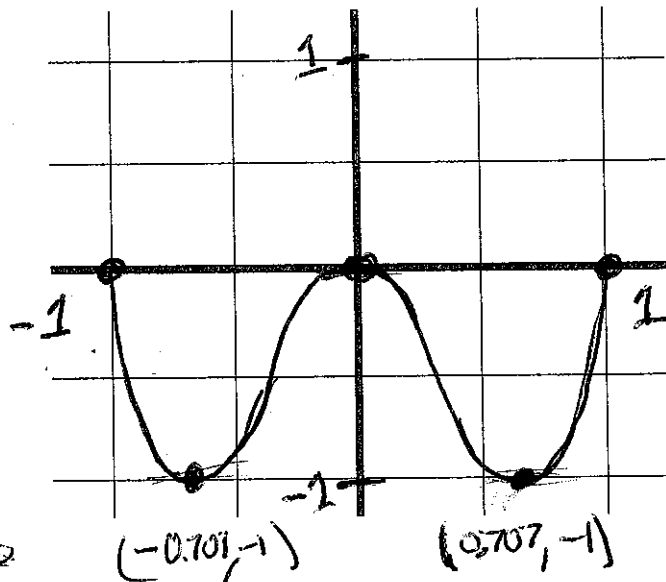
↑  
 What we use to get when  $x=9$ , we now get when  $x=3$  ( $f(3 \cdot 3) = f(9) = 3$ )

7. Use a graphing utility to graph the function  $f(x) = 4x^4 - 4x^2$  on the interval  $[-1, 1]$ . Clearly label the points where  $f(x)$  has its minimum and maximums. (6 points)

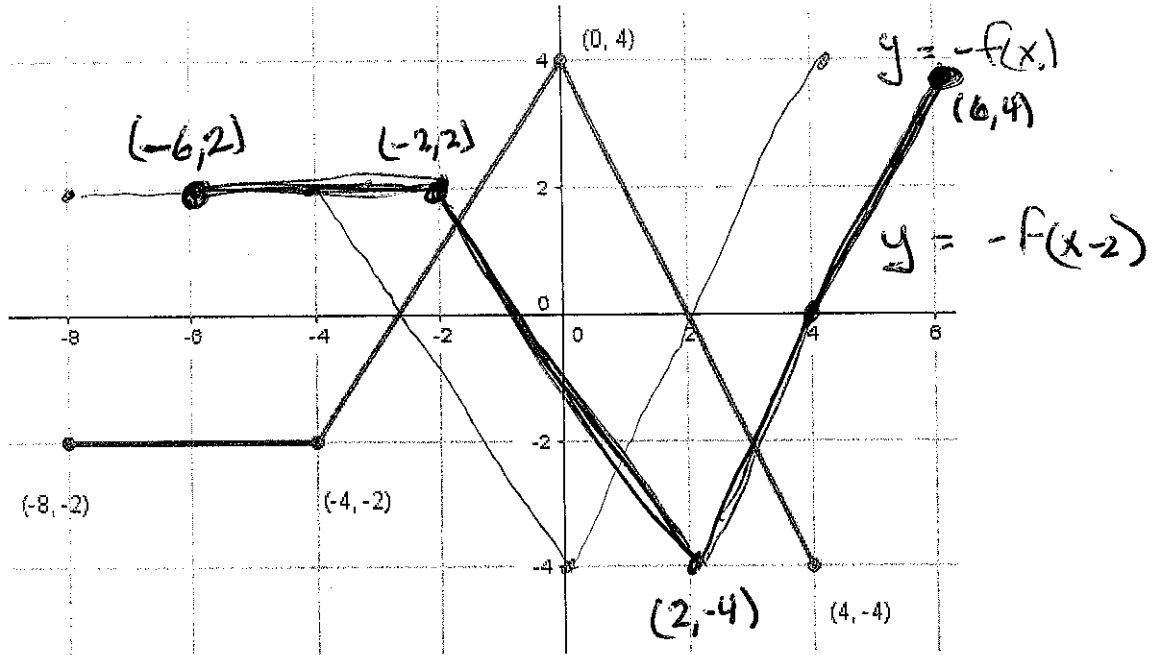
↙ The graph must end at  $x=-1$  and  $x=1$ .

-1 pt if not  $[-1, 1]$

2 pts →



8. Draw the graph of  $y = -f(x-2)$  where  $y = f(x)$  is as shown below (you may use the same axes for your answer).



9. Find the following for the functions graphed on the left. (3 points each)

- a. Find the zero(s) of the function  $g(x)$ .  
*-1/2 for (-5, 0)*

$x = -5$

- b. For which values of  $x$  is  $f(x) < g(x)$ ?

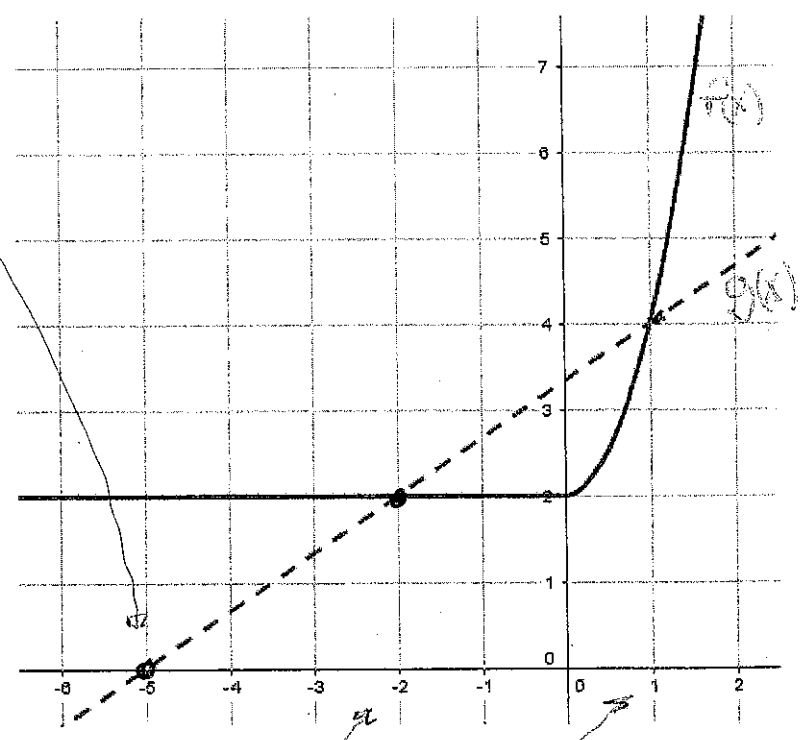
$-2 \leq x \leq 1$   
*-1/2 for (-2, 2), (1, 4)*

- c. Find where the function  $f(x)$  is increasing.

$[0, \infty)$

- d. Solve  $f(x) = g(x)$ .

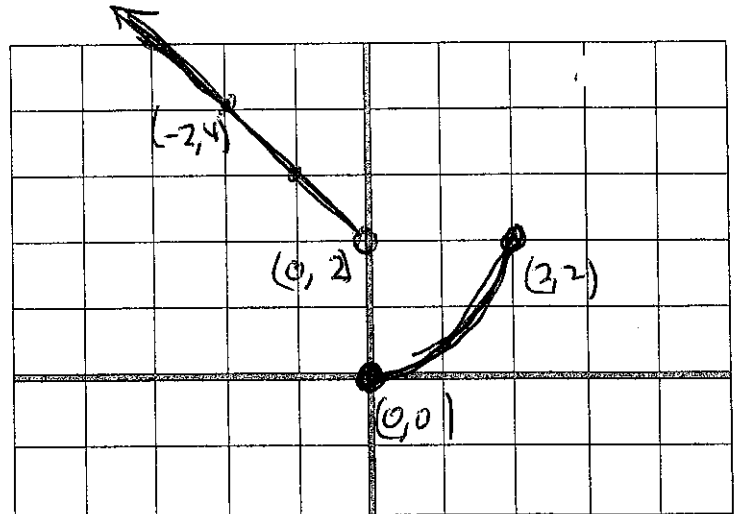
$x = -2, 1$



10. Graph the given function. Identify the location of at least three points on the graph.

(6 points)

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} -x + 2 & x < 0 \\ 0.5x^2 & 0 \leq x < 2 \end{cases}$$



11. Baking: Suppose that for the first 200 loaves of bread the charge is \$2 per loaf. If you order over 200 loaves, the cost is \$400 plus \$1.50 for each additional loaf over 200.

(3 points each)

a. How much would 300 loaves cost?

$$400 + 1.50(300 - 200) = 550$$

b. Develop a piece-wise define function  $L(x)$  where  $L(x)$  is the cost for  $x$  loaves of bread.

$$L(x) = \begin{cases} 2x & \text{if } x \leq 200 \\ 400 + 1.50(x - 200) & \text{if } x > 200 \end{cases}$$

12. Fleas on feral cats: Feral cats have fleas.

- a. Use the give data to calculate a *linear* regression equation to determine the total number of fleas  $f(x)$  on  $x$  cats. Write the equation in the space below. Round to three significant digits. (6 points)

Cats $x$	Total fleas $f(x)$
1	34
3	84
8	260
11	330

$$y = 30.7x + 0.606$$

- b. According to the regression equation model you found, what is the total number of fleas on 10 cats?

$$y = 307 + 0.606 = \boxed{308}$$

13. Find the equation of the parabola on the left.

Vertex  $(2, 1)$ :

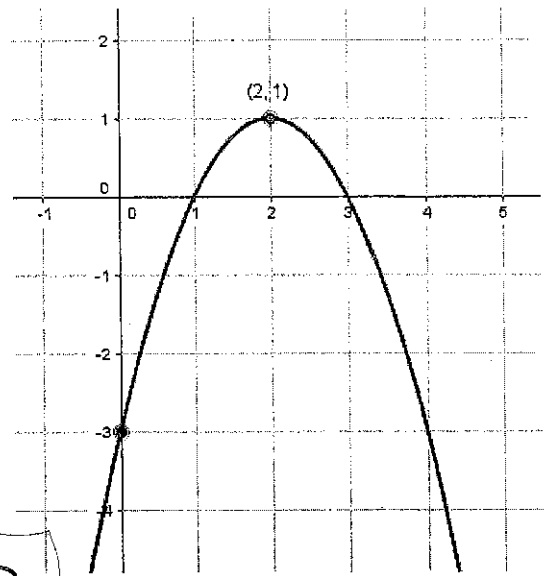
$$y = a(x-h)^2 + k = a(x-2)^2 + 1.$$

Intercept  $(0, -3)$ :

$$-3 = a(-2)^2 + 1 = 4a + 1$$

so  $-4 = 4a$  and  $a = -1.$

$$\boxed{-(x-2)^2 + 1} \quad \text{or} \quad \boxed{-x^2 + 4x - 3}$$



14. The daily revenue achieved by selling  $x$  boxes of candy is  $R(x) = -0.3x^2 + 60x$ .

- a) What price should be charged to achieve the maximum revenue?

$$y = -\frac{b}{2a} = -\frac{60}{2(-0.3)} = \boxed{\$100 \text{ per box}}$$

- b) What is that maximum revenue?

$$-0.3(100)^2 + 60(100) = \boxed{\$3,000}$$